



# THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

LAST EDITION  
WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE  
Fair.  
Silver, 65¢ per ounce.  
Copper (cast), 18¢ per pound.  
Lead in ore, 10¢ per ton.  
New York, Dec. 27, 1905.

Established June 6, 1870.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1905

Price, Five Cents.

## THOUSANDS OF TROOPS AT HAND

Government Expects to Crush the Rebellion at Moscow.

## BLOODSHED IN PROVINCES

CONDITIONS SHOW LITTLE MATERIAL CHANGE.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 27, 11:36 p. m.—There is no further news from Moscow tonight. The Associated Press correspondents there succeeded in getting the St. Petersburg bureau by telephone this evening, but he had only uttered the words, "I am going to tell you a horrible story," when he was cut off. Since then nothing has been heard from the correspondent.

The Semenovskiy regiment of guards was dispatched to Moscow by train tonight. This is considered rather ominous.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 27, 5 p. m.—A brief message from Moscow of today's date says that troops with artillery are pouring into the city but that the situation has not greatly changed. The revolutionists hold portions of the Moscow-Kazan road.

Deserting firing is taking place. The military police are engaged in guerrilla warfare with the revolutionists who are seeking refuge on the roofs of houses built in the narrow thoroughfares.

Another message from Moscow says that during the night the artillery worked at destroying the barricades. The revolutionists, this message says, are divided into three "armies," the first, consisting of 300 men, armed with rifles and pikes, is operating between Moscow and Porevo, using the railroad which it controls. Artillery and cavalry are being employed against this force.

## Women in the Ranks.

The second "army" is armed especially with bombs and revolvers and is composed of a thousand persons. In whose ranks are many women who display not only bravery, but ferocity. This force is operating in the region between Sadovaya district and the Jewish market. It has many barricades to prevent the passage of troops and is operating in small groups and is attacking patrols. When pressed, these revolutionists disappear into alleys and houses. Artillery, cavalry and infantry are used against this force.

The third and largest army is operating in the region between the Brest railroad station and the triumphal gate. It also has many barricades and is engaged in guerrilla tactics, and it is difficult for the troops to enclose it. Some of the barricades were battered down by artillery, but they were re-erected by the survivors.

The school where the Moscow revolutionary committee held its sessions has been destroyed but the committee managed to escape.

The Engineers' union here has just received news from revolutionary leaders that the revolution is breaking out on a general conflict. At Kharkoff yesterday the flag of armed revolt was raised, but according to reports the troops, which had been largely reinforced, put down the rebellion mercilessly. The members of the so-called provincial government, composed of twenty-two delegates, which had been sitting here, were captured early in the day and later, when the red flag was raised and the revolution broke out around the Kieff engine works, which armed revolutionists were holding, cannon were brought up and the revolutionists were given ten minutes with which to surrender. They then sent out an emissary, who was seized by the military commander, who then gave the command to the artillery to open fire on the works, which were literally battered down over the heads of the revolutionists. They then sent out an emissary, who was seized by the military commander, who then gave the command to the artillery to open fire on the works, which were literally battered down over the heads of the revolutionists.

## Mercilessly Put Down.

In spite of the revolution prospects here, the leaders of the revolutionists are continuing their desperate efforts to bring on a general conflict. At Kharkoff yesterday the flag of armed revolt was raised, but according to reports the troops, which had been largely reinforced, put down the rebellion mercilessly. The members of the so-called provincial government, composed of twenty-two delegates, which had been sitting here, were captured early in the day and later, when the red flag was raised and the revolution broke out around the Kieff engine works, which armed revolutionists were holding, cannon were brought up and the revolutionists were given ten minutes with which to surrender. They then sent out an emissary, who was seized by the military commander, who then gave the command to the artillery to open fire on the works, which were literally battered down over the heads of the revolutionists.

## Mistchenko at Moscow.

Lieutenant General Mistchenko, who commanded a Cossack brigade in Manchuria during the Russo-Japanese war, has arrived at Moscow and may have taken over the command of the troops there. He had a narrow escape from capture by the revolutionists at St. Andrew's monastery, on the outskirts of the city, where the railroad track was blocked by barricades of freight and passenger cars. The general and two members of his staff managed to get a sleigh and reach Moscow by making a wide detour, but fifty officers returning from Manchuria, who were left behind, were captured and forced to give up their arms. They begged to be allowed to keep the gold swords given them for bravery, but the revolutionists refused their request.

## Fifty Persons Killed.

The most serious affairs occurred at the Narva gate and on the Molka canal, in which fifty persons were killed or wounded. Automatic guns have been mounted on the bridge over the Fontanka canal, from which they can sweep the Nevsky Prospect in either direction, and also both ways of the canal. The battery is enclosed in a collapsible shed in order not to attract too much attention.

Following the example of the authorities at Moscow, about half the police of St. Petersburg are now armed with rifles and the unwelcome spectacle of policemen with bayonets on their rifles adds to the public alarm.

Continued on Page 2.

## TODAY'S HERALD FROM NEW PRESS

Is First Regular Edition to Be Set Up and Printed With Late Equipment.

## COLOR TEST IS SUCCESSFUL

SHOWN THAT NEW YEAR'S PAPER WILL BE BIG SUCCESS.

TODAY'S Herald comes from the new press just installed by the Hoe company of New York in the recently-completed Herald building. It is the first edition of The Salt Lake Herald to come from this, the most modern press between Denver and San Francisco. All linotyping and typesetting, in fact, every step in the mechanical department, was in the new building. Moving of linotype machines began at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning, and by 4 p. m. the entire battery of eight, each weighing over one ton, was in position and electrical connections with individual motors completed. At 6 p. m. Tuesday the linotype machines were running.

"Copy" for yesterday's Herald was typewritten in the old building and taken to the linotype machines in the new building; the matrices were made there, brought back to the old quarters for casting and printed on the old press.

Prior to running off today's Herald a test was made of the color equipment of the new press in order to insure perfect satisfaction in the printing of the New Year's edition. The color test was successful in every way. That the "test" on today's regular edition was a success is hardly necessary to say. The new Hoe press built especially for The Herald can print 24,000 copies of papers of today's size per hour.

## AGREEMENT IS SIGNED

Indians on the Colville Reservation Willing that the South Half Shall Be Opened.

SPOKANE, Wash., Dec. 27.—A special to the Spokesman-Review from Miles, Wash., says:

Cession of Indian lands on the south half of the Colville reservation to the government is agreed to by the tribesmen on the Colville Indian reservation. The fact was made public today that 40 adult Indians had signed the agreement.

To make the agreement binding not less than 50 signatures were necessary, but Major James McLaughlin, special Indian inspector, and Captain John M. Webster, U. S. A., Indian agent, clinched the agreement by securing 100 signatures over the necessary number.

The agreement, which must be ratified by Congress, provides for the payment of a million dollars to the Indians for lands already ceded on the north half; provides that allotments of eighty acres shall be made from lands of the south half to landless Indians on the reservation; further provides that the proceeds from the sale of the remaining lands shall be held in trust for the Indians and the interest thereon, at 4 per cent, shall be expended for their improvement; that mineral lands shall not be included in the allotments of sales, having already been thrown open to location.

## MORMON APOSTLES AT KIRTLAND, OHIO

Cleveland, Dec. 27.—A delegation of twenty-nine high Mormon dignitaries headed by President Joseph F. Smith, passed through here today in a private car on a pilgrimage to Kirtland, O., the birthplace of Mormonism. They had been on a trip to Vermont to dedicate a monument to the memory of Joseph Smith, founder of the sect, and were on their way back to Salt Lake City. They spent the day at Kirtland and left tonight for Chicago.

## JEROME'S PLURALITY GREATLY INCREASED

New York, Dec. 27.—District Attorney Jerome's plurality was increased by nearly 5,000 over the police returns made on election night by the official returns made public today by the board of elections. His plurality is 11,664 instead of 11,460, as originally printed.

This gain was the result of corrections made by the board of canvassers and the counting of so-called void and protested ballots before Justice Gieglrich.

## CHARGED WITH MURDER.

William A. Carter Under Arrest at Des Moines, Iowa.

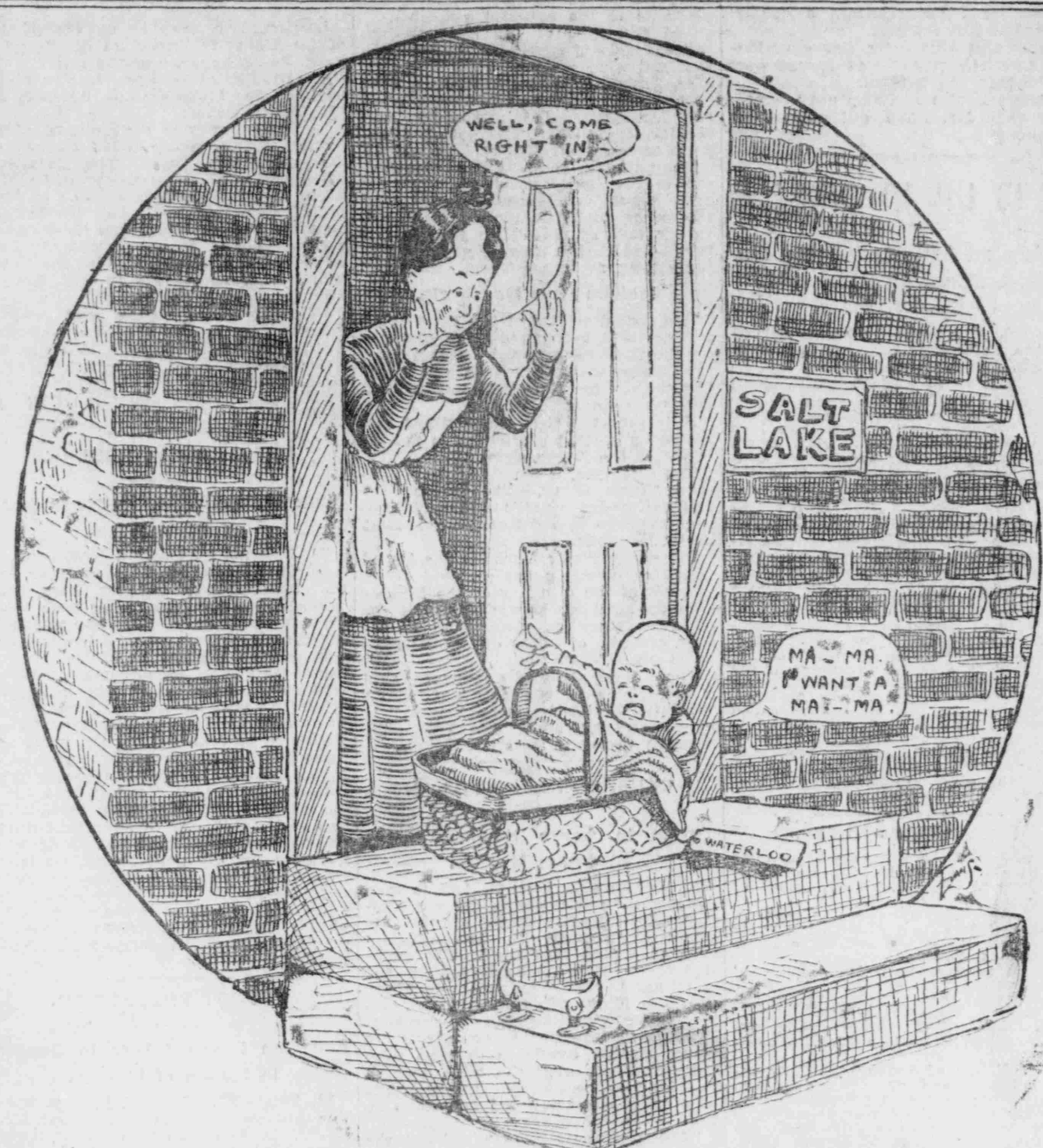
Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 27.—William A. Carter, a professional bondsman, was arrested today on an indictment charging him with the murder of Edward J. Gresser, a farmer living south of Des Moines, who was shot through the window of his home. Gresser was last seen alive on Oct. 2. Since that time the murder has remained a mystery. Carter's mother owns a farm adjoining the Gresser property, and it is charged that a desire to own the Gresser tract on the part of Carter is responsible for the murder. Carter claimed at the time of the murder that he had been negotiating for the Gresser farm. He was refused and Carter is confined in the county jail.

## VICTIM OF PNEUMONIA.

Denver, Dec. 27.—John H. Phillips, a well known newspaper man, died here tonight of pneumonia. He leaves a widow and one child.

## LOAN PLACED IN BERLIN.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 27.—The bulk of the new treasury bonds will be placed in the Berlin banking house of Mendelssohn.



A Welcome Visitor.

## CITY IS HEAVY LOSER WAITING FOR THE COURTS TO DECIDE

New York—Out of Pocket \$23,958 Since It Began Operating Staten Island Ferry.

New York, Dec. 27.—For the privilege of owning its own ferry to Staten Island the City of New York is paying more than \$500 a day, that being the daily excess of expenses over receipts in the seven weeks since the city took control. From Oct. 25 to Dec. 13 the total expenses were \$107,333 and the receipts \$78,400. This leaves a loss of \$28,933, or \$336 a day for the fifty-four days covered by the statement.

Increase in the number of men employed on the boats, increase in the amount of wages as compared with the amount of one-third in the number of hours paid when the ferry was under private ownership, together with a reduction in the number of boats, necessitating three shifts instead of two, are chiefly responsible for this deficit.

Thus far the number of passengers carried since the city assumed control has averaged 23,058 a day. As the city did not begin operating the ferry until Oct. 25, the average was over it is believed that this average will be largely increased for the remainder of the season. The boat loads had a record of carrying 55,000 passengers in a single day.

## RIGHT BY ALTA CLUB BERNHARDT AFTER THE SYNDICATE

C. J. Thomas, Jr., Runs Away When He Is Accosted by Man With Mask.

Charles J. Thomas, Jr., 240 Brigham street, was accosted by a man who commanded him to hold up his hands about 8:30 o'clock last night in front of the Alta club. Thomas bolted up Brigham street. The fellow made no attempt to stop him, and disappeared down State street. He wore a black mask over his eyes and had a pistol in his coat pocket.

Mr. Thomas, who is an employee of the Clayton Music company, was going home when he met the man. He was walking rapidly when the fellow stopped him in front of him. The highwayman ordered him in a low voice to put up his hands and had him hold them up. Thomas waited no further developments. He shot past and ran nearly to the University club before he looked back. He saw the fellow still there. Thomas could give only a meager description of the man and did not report it to the police.

## WRECKED BY LIGHTNING.

Government Weather Station at Northhead, Wash., Destroyed.

Astoria, Ore., Dec. 27.—The news has just been received here that the government weather station at Northhead, Wash., was wrecked by lightning Tuesday afternoon. Operator Kellner was knocked senseless temporarily, the meteorological instruments destroyed, the house set on fire and every pane of glass in the building shattered. The telephone instruments were broken into dozens of pieces and the nickel plates melted. The wires were burned and twisted from the building down to the cables leading to Fort Stevens. The fire was extinguished but it will be necessary to reconstruct the whole establishment.

## INCREASE IS SMALL.

Montreal, Dec. 27.—The negotiations between a committee representing the trackmen of the Canadian Pacific railway and the officials of the company regarding the wage schedules ended today. The result is an increase of 10 cents to the foremen. The increase will apply to all the lines from Port William to the Atlantic coast.

## KILLED BY TRAIN.

Bloomington, Ill., Dec. 27.—Harry Collier, a prominent banker at Rantoul and Thomasboro, was struck by a train at Thomasboro last night and instantly killed.

## NEW CABINET FORMED.

Lisbon, Dec. 27.—A new cabinet was formed today under the premiership of Luciano De Castro.

## THREE MEMPHIS BANKS GO DOWN NEVER BRIBED A LEGISLATOR

Assets Said to Be Ample to Pay the Depositors. "Judge" Hamilton Made Lawful Use of Insurance Funds.

## RESULT OF SPREADING OUT McCALL TOLD HIM TO DO SO

FAILURE CAUSED LITTLE OR NO EXCITEMENT. BUT HIS CHECK BOOK AND STUBS ARE WITHHELD.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Dec. 27.—Three institutions failed to open their doors for business today. The Merchants' Trust company, with a capital stock of \$200,000; the American Savings bank & Trust company, and the Mechanics' Savings bank, smaller institutions allied with the first named concern, have gone into liquidation. The following notice was posted on the doors of the Merchants' Trust company:

"This bank is closed by order of the board of directors, and will go into liquidation. (Signed) 'FELIX T. POPE, President.'"

Another notice reads:

"This bank has gone into liquidation. John P. Edmonson has been appointed receiver."

Assets Are Ample.

The cause of the suspension of the Merchants' Trust company is said to have been over-loans on discounts. One of the directors said to a representative of the Associated Press that the three institutions had ample assets and would pay dollar for dollar.

When the officers of the Merchants' Trust company decided to suspend business, Chancellor Coker was asked to appoint a receiver for the institution, and named John P. Edmonson, a Memphis lawyer.

The Merchants' Trust company recently absorbed the Memphis National bank, and it is stated, owns the controlling stock of the American Savings Bank & Trust company. The latter institution has practically absorbed the Mechanics' Savings bank.

The suspension of the three institutions caused little excitement in financial circles.

## A Run Was Feared.

It was later learned that the American Savings Bank & Trust company had actually absorbed the Mechanics' Savings bank several days ago.

It was stated today that the suspension of this institution is only temporary and that its affairs are in good shape. Officers say that the suspension was decided upon because they feared a run when the doors were opened this morning, the public being being aware of the bank's relation to the Merchants' Trust company.

At the latter institution it was announced that a thorough reorganization would be made, and hope was expressed that the company would again open its doors for business in a short time.

A condensed statement of the condition of the Merchants' Trust company at the close of business Dec. 26 was given out as follows:

Total assets, \$1,865,055; indebtedness of every character to depositors, \$2,132,219; all other obligations exclusive of capital stock, \$889,058; cash actually on hand, \$350,000.

## Aided by Clearing House.

C. W. Schulte, president of the Memphis Clearing House association, made the following statement in behalf of the association:

"Fifteen days ago the Merchants' Trust company applied for help to the Memphis Clearing House association. The Clearing House association appointed a committee to investigate the matter. The committee was over the assets of the Merchants' Trust company as carefully as the limited time allowed, and the association advanced through the Merchants' Trust company the sum of \$100,000.

"Subsequent investigation revealed the fact that while it was the opinion of the members of the Clearing House association that the depositors of the concern are safe, yet it would take an extraordinary large sum to pay all the demands."

"In the interests of the city and depositors and of the various institutions of the city, which for the last month have anticipated some such calamity, it was deemed wisest to allow the concern to close its doors."

## Other Banks Safe.

"Representatives of the large banks of New York, Chicago and St. Louis are in the city with great quantities of money in furtherance of the legitimate business interests of the city."

"It is deemed advisable that no undue excitement be indulged in. Old and experienced bankers and members of the Memphis Clearing House association have the situation well in hand. No danger is apprehended and the commercial interests of the city are liable to meet any situation that is liable to arise."

Major G. W. McKee, president of the Memphis Savings bank, said:

"I believe the liquidation to be a result of taking on too much business by the Merchants' Trust company. Too much spreading out and too large advances in purchasing other properties."

## YERKES ON DEATHBED.

Chicago Financier Kept Under Influence of Opiates.

New York, Dec. 27.—Charles T. Yerkes of Chicago is critically ill at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, being kept constantly under the influence of opiates. Dr. Loomis, who has attended Mr. Yerkes since his illness began six weeks ago, stated this afternoon that unless there should come a sudden change for the better Mr. Yerkes might not live more than twenty-four hours longer. Tonight at 11 o'clock it was said at the hotel that there has been no change. Mr. Yerkes' wife, son and daughter are at his bedside.

## QUEER WEDDING PRESENT.

Hazleton, Pa., Dec. 27.—The members of local union No. 3, United Mine Workers of America, have decided to present to Miss Alice Roosevelt, as a wedding gift, a carload of the best coal that can be found in the anthracite region in appreciation of her father's services in ending the great strike in 1902.

## Sheridan and Brady Tell Their Stories on the Stand.

(Special to The Herald.)

Boise, Ida., Dec. 27.—The famous suit of R. S. Sheridan against J. H. Brady, chairmen of the Idaho State senate committee, came on for trial today.

Sheridan seeks to have Brady restrained from voting the stock of Capital News, which he holds, this having been secured in connection with a loan made by Mr. Brady to the Democratic organ. The plaintiff put Mr. Brady on the stand first. He testified briefly that he had intended to aid the paper, not to injure it. Mr. Sheridan, who is now in sole control of the paper, then took the stand and was in the stand all day without completing his testimony. He gave his side of the story in detail and was then passed over to the Brady attorneys, who went into all the details of the history of the paper on cross-examination. Sheridan's story was to the effect that his stock had been secured by misrepresentation by his associates, that they did not tell him who had it, and that he did not learn. Mr. Brady had it until he insisted that it be returned as agreed. He was then told by Mr. Fisher, one of his associates, that Mr. Brady had it and that it would not be returned.

## Railroad President Disobeyed the Court's Injunction.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 27.—J. Couch Flanders, president and agent in this city of the Portland & Seattle railroad company, was late today cited to appear before Judge Frazer of the state circuit court and show cause why he should not be punished for contempt of court in disobeying Judge Frazer's mandate served on him Saturday directing him, the Portland & Seattle Railroad and Simms & Shields, contractors, to desist work of construction at the point where the Portland & Seattle road and the new road of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation company will cross a few rods north of this city.

The trestle and railroad which the Portland & Seattle by almost herculean effort has succeeded in constructing since Saturday is built of light timbers and light tram rails, such as are used in mines, spread eighteen inches or two feet apart.

## NEW CABINET FORMED.

Lisbon, Dec. 27.—A new cabinet was formed today under the premiership of Luciano De Castro.